

Time and Frequency from GNSS

ITSF 2013, Lisbon Portugal

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Outline:

Time and Frequency from GNSS

- What does it mean?
- What can you get?
- A little bit of how it works
- Vulnerabilities/options
- Conclusions

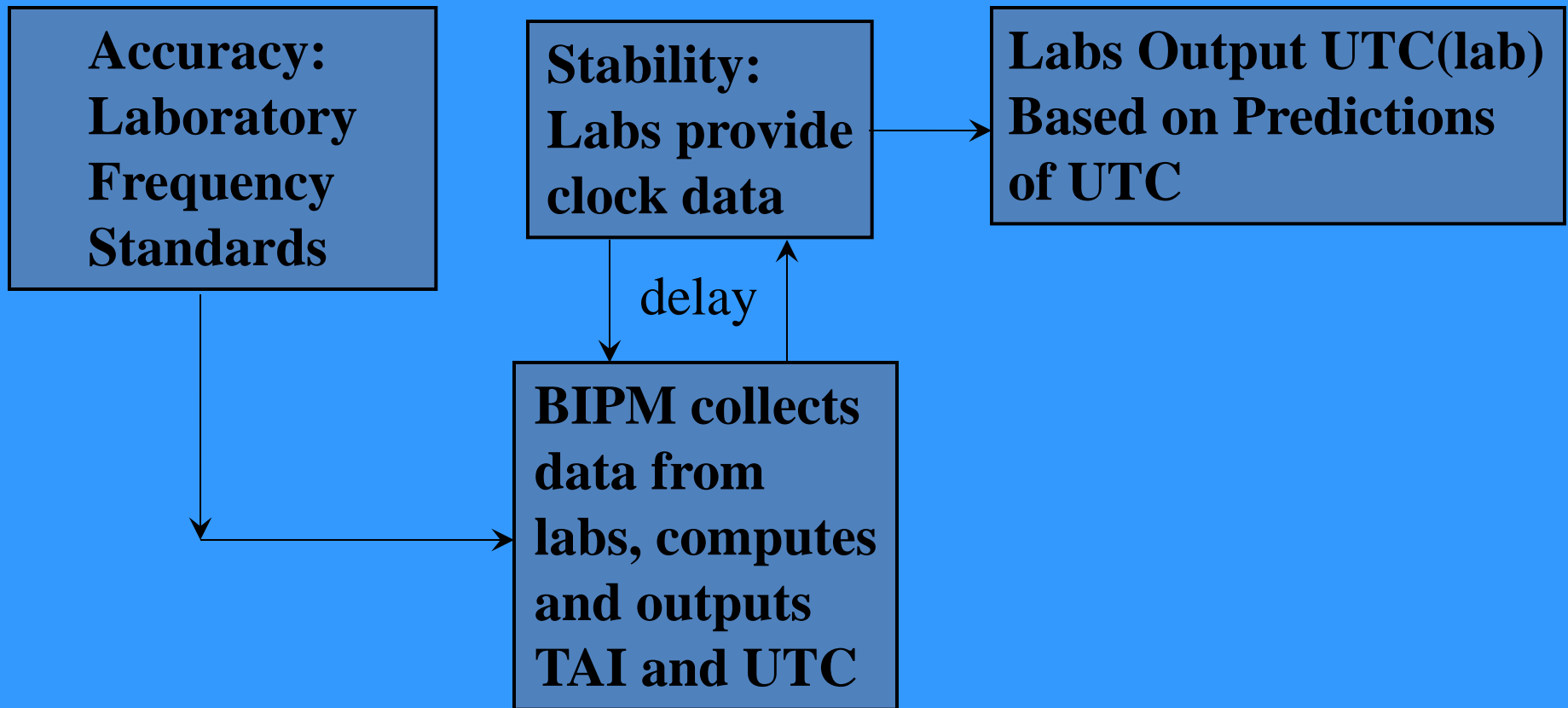
Time, Phase, Frequency, and UTC

- **Frequency** comes from a clock, usually one locked to a master
- **Phase** must be transferred between clocks
- **UTC Time** must come from a national lab, generally from GNSS

The Generation of UTC: Time Accuracy

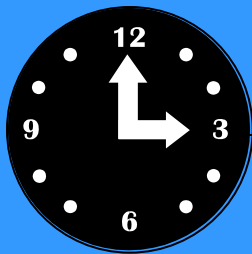
Any Real Time UTC is only a Prediction

A PLL with a one-month delay



Dissemination or Comparison System

Clock 1

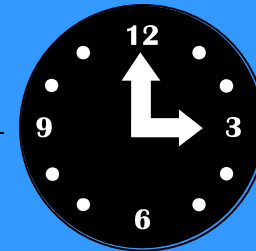


Clock 1
Systematics
and Noise



Delay, Perturbations, and
Measurement Noise

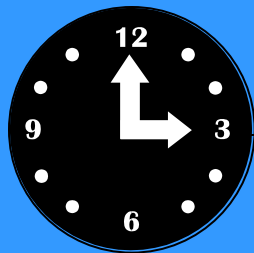
Clock 2



Clock 2
Systematics
and Noise

Clock Hierarchies

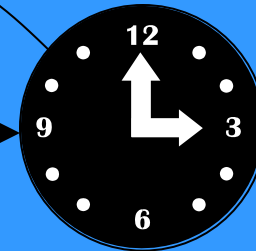
Clock 1



Clock 1
Systematics
and Noise



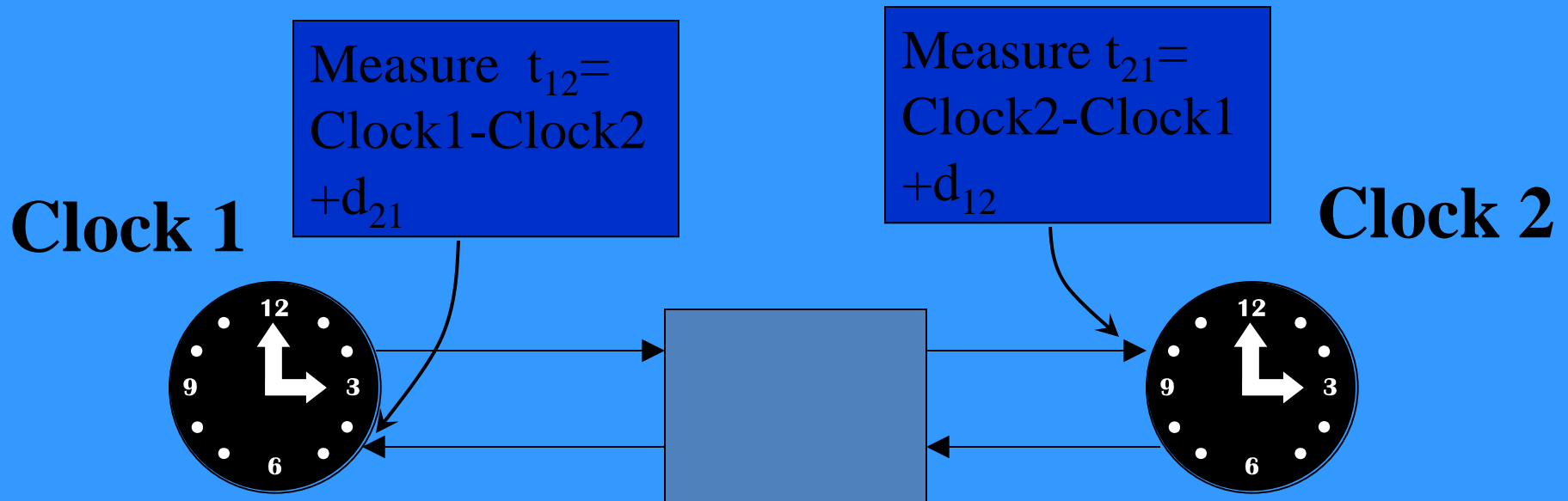
Clock 2



Clock 2
Systematics
and Noise

Lock Loop Systematics
and Noise:
Contributions from
Measurement Noise and
Path Perturbations

Two -Way Comparison System



Clock 1
Systematics
and Noise

Measurement Noise and
Path Perturbations
Largely Reciprocal:

$$d_{21} = d_{12}$$

Clock 2
Systematics
and Noise

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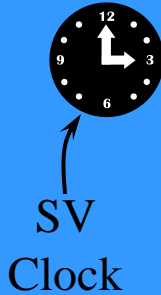
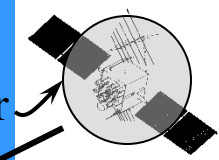
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Time from GPS: Noise Sources

Problems at Receiver:

- Coordinates
- Multi-path interference
- Delays in cables
- Delay through receiver
- Receiver software

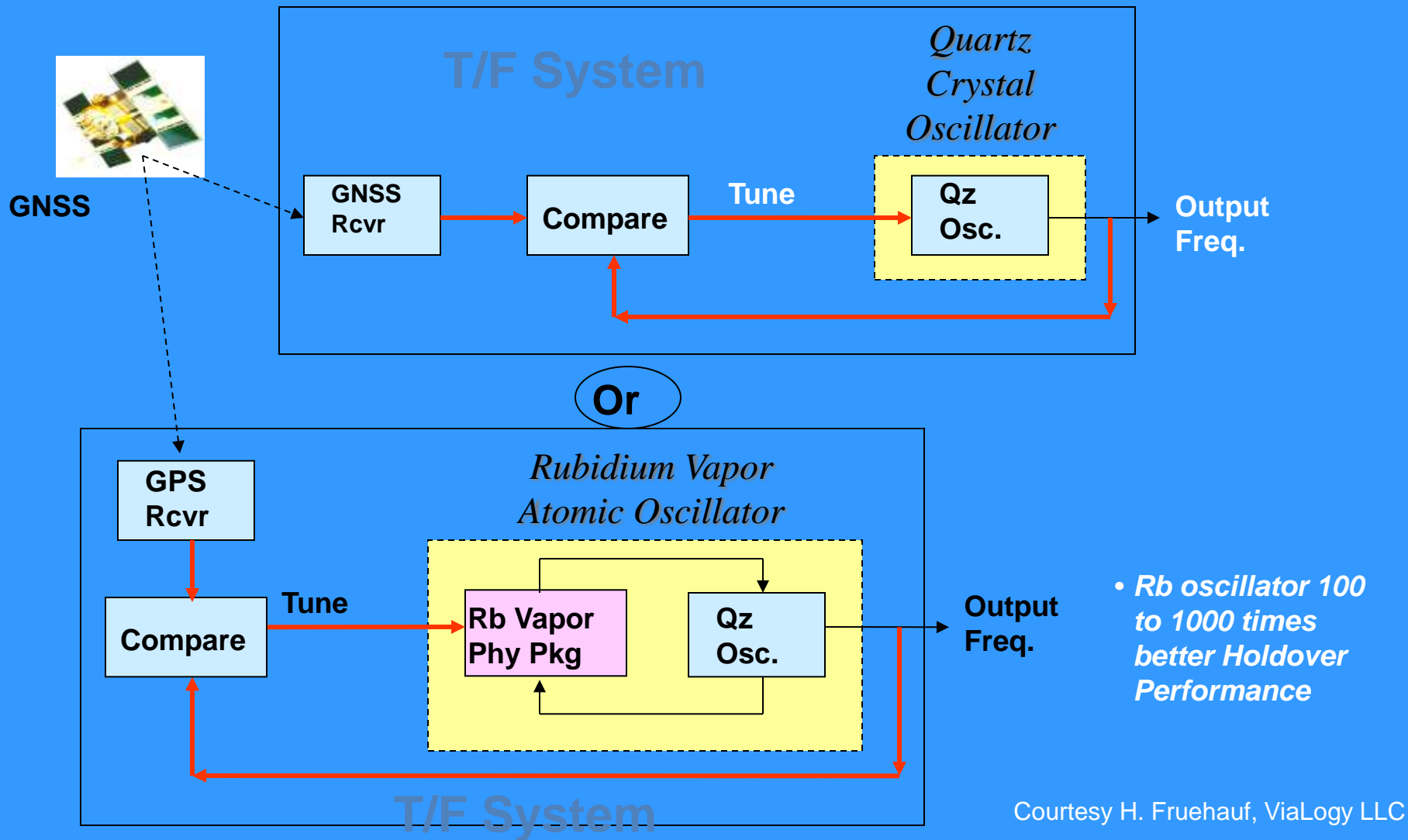
Ephemeris error



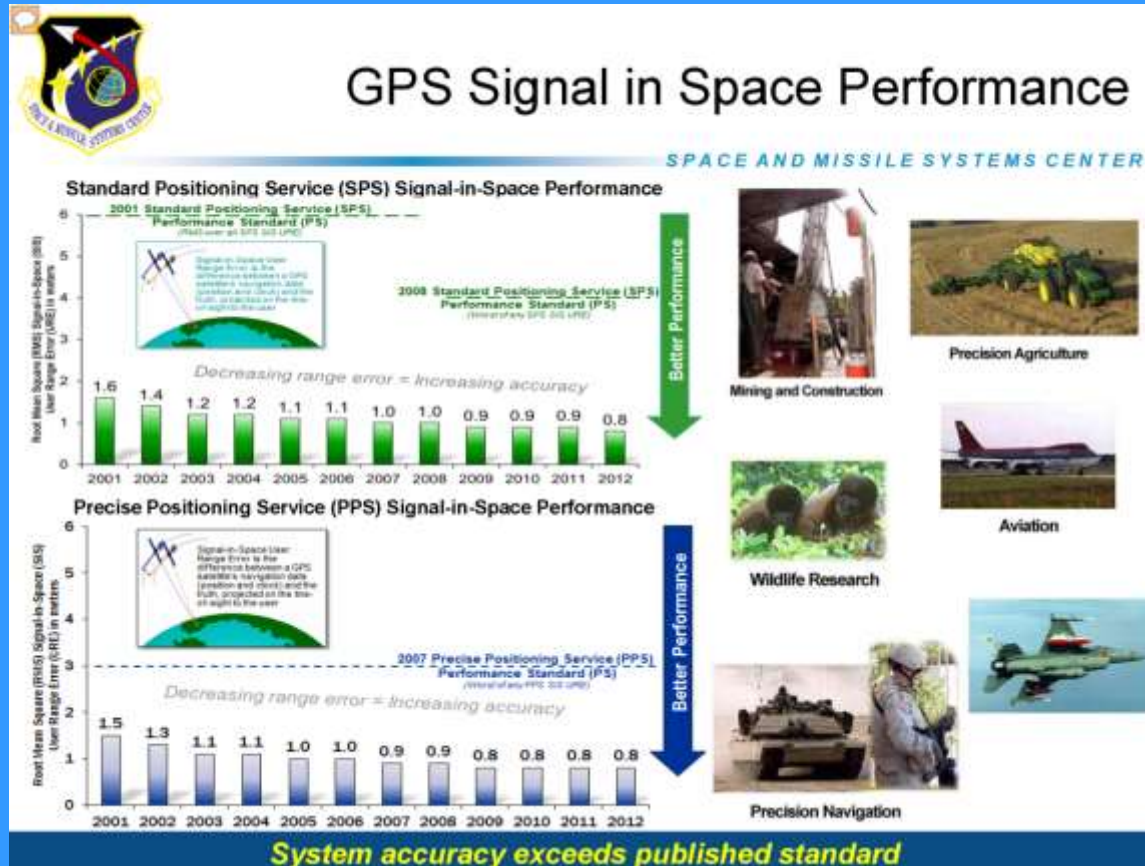
Ionosphere

Troposphere

GNSS-aided Time and Frequency Systems



GPS Signal in Space Performance

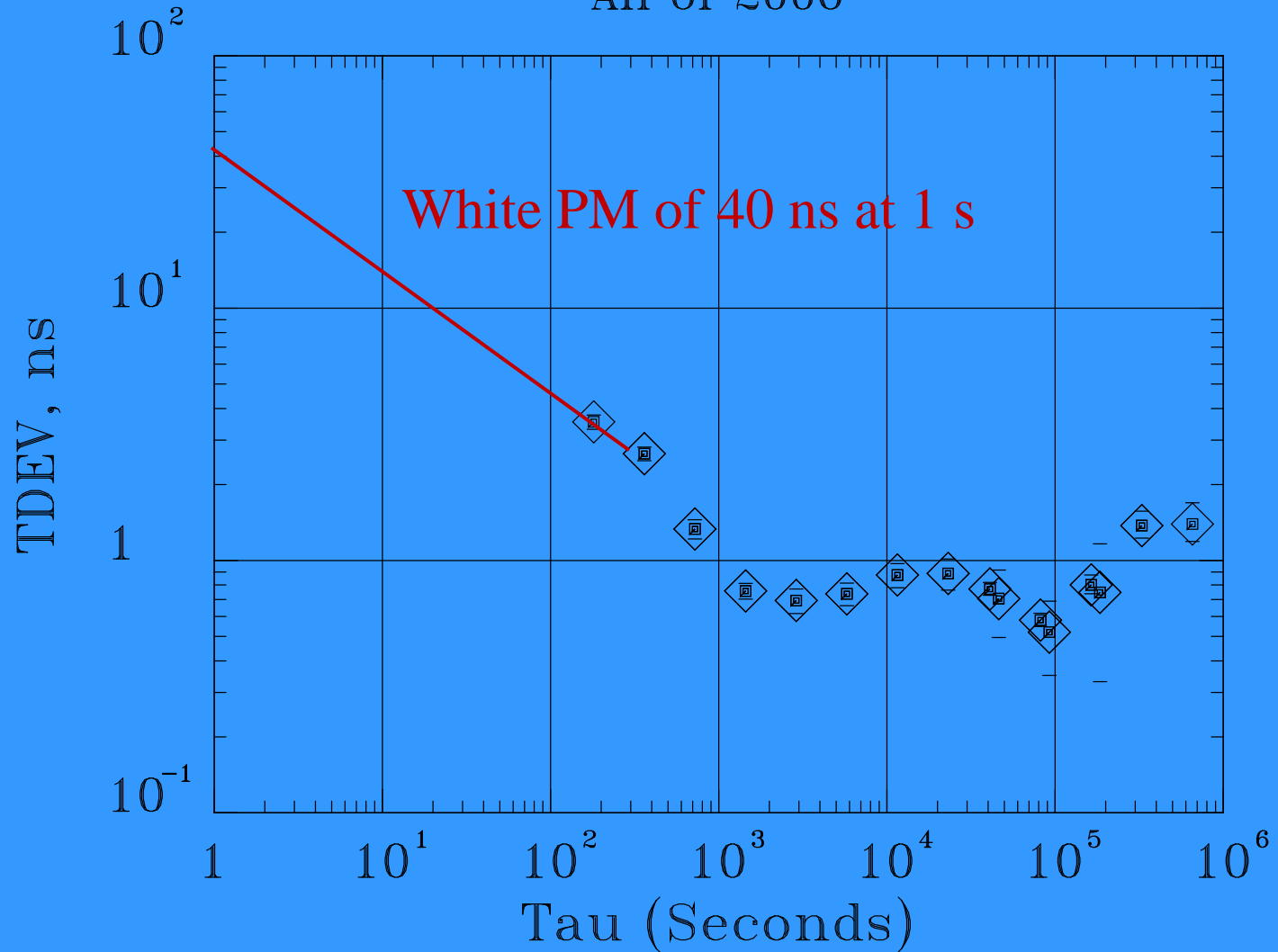


0.8 m in range = 2.7 ns!

GPS Stability

UTC(NIST) – GPS Time

All of 2006



GNSS Accuracy with Best Receivers

- With Rb. local oscillator time accuracy can be within 20 ns of UTC
- Frequency accuracy with Rb. better than 1 part in 10^{13} , probably about 10^{-14} with Cs.

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The Family of Global Navigation Systems

GPS
US
(24+, Now 31)

Galileo
EU
(27, Now 4 IOV)

GLONASS
Russia
(24, Now 24)

Beidou/Compass
China
(35, Now 15=
5GEO+5IGSO+4MEO)



GNSS Systems: General Properties

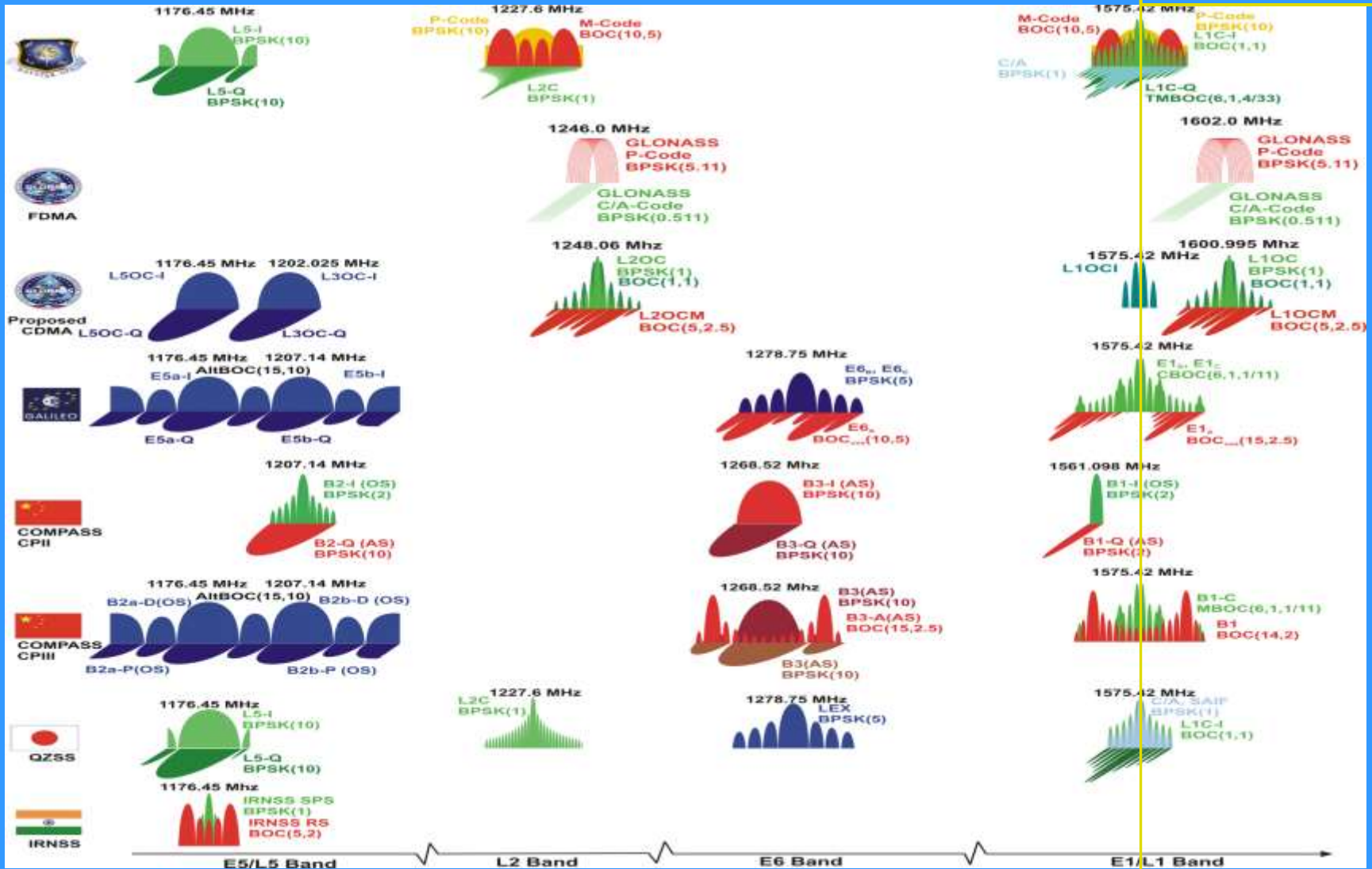
- Position, Navigation, Timing (PNT)
- Four + synchronized timing signals from known locations in space required for navigation
- Two + frequencies measure ionosphere
- Control, Space, User Segments
- Open and Restricted Services

GNSS Systems: General Properties

- All signals are weak
 - E.g. GPS is $\sim -160\text{dBm}$
 - All are deliberately well below the noise until the process gain
- Signals are clustered in the spectrum
- Hence it is relatively easy to jam GNSS and becoming easy to spoof

Spectra of GNSS's

Primary
Commercial
Signal



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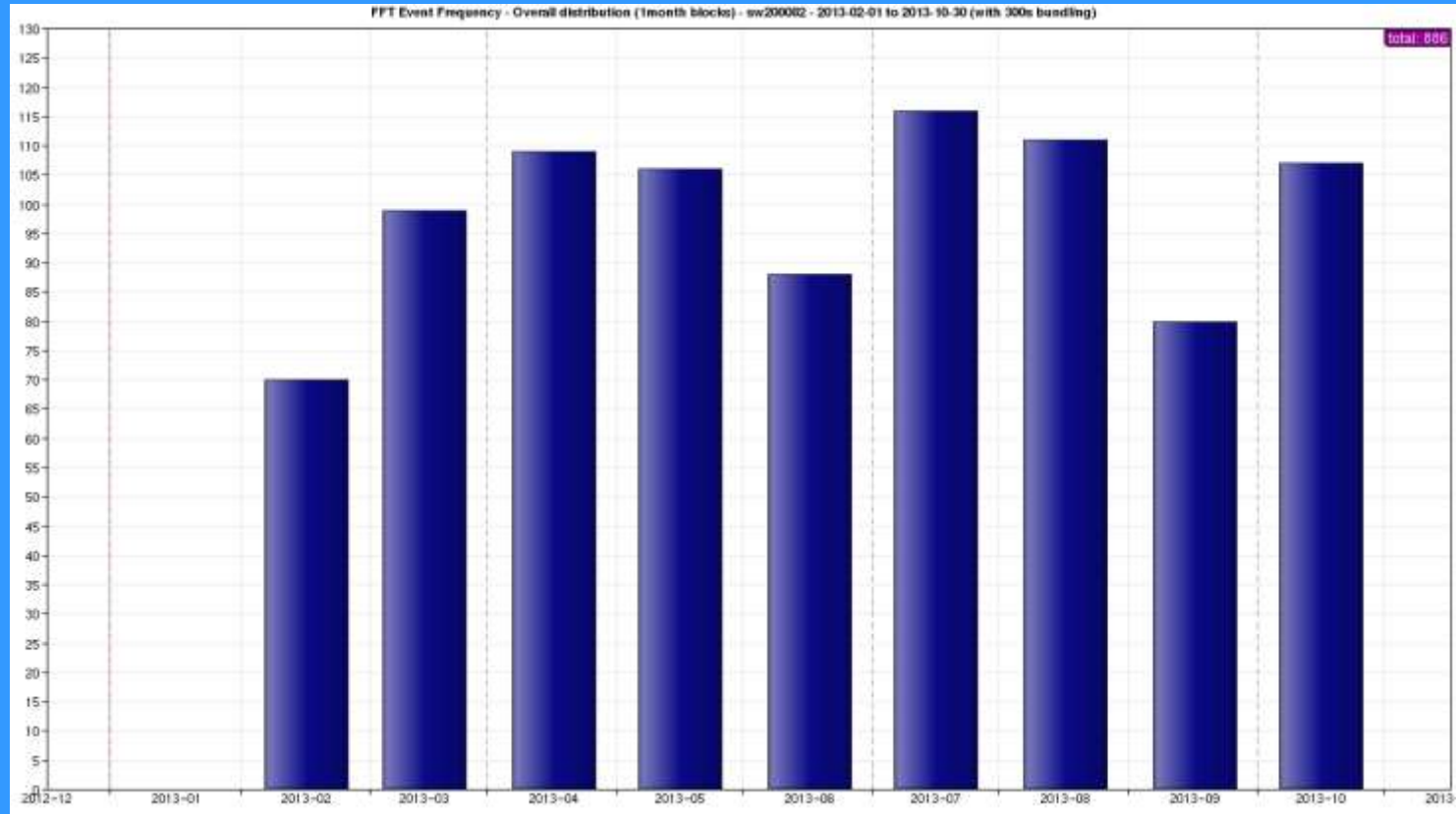
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GNSS Vulnerability

- GNSS best feature and worst problem: it is extremely reliable
- Jamming Power Required at GPS Antenna
 - On order of a Picowatt (10^{-12} watt)
- Many Jammer Models Exist
 - Watt to MWatt Output – Worldwide Militaries
 - Lower Power (<100 watts); “Hams” Can Make

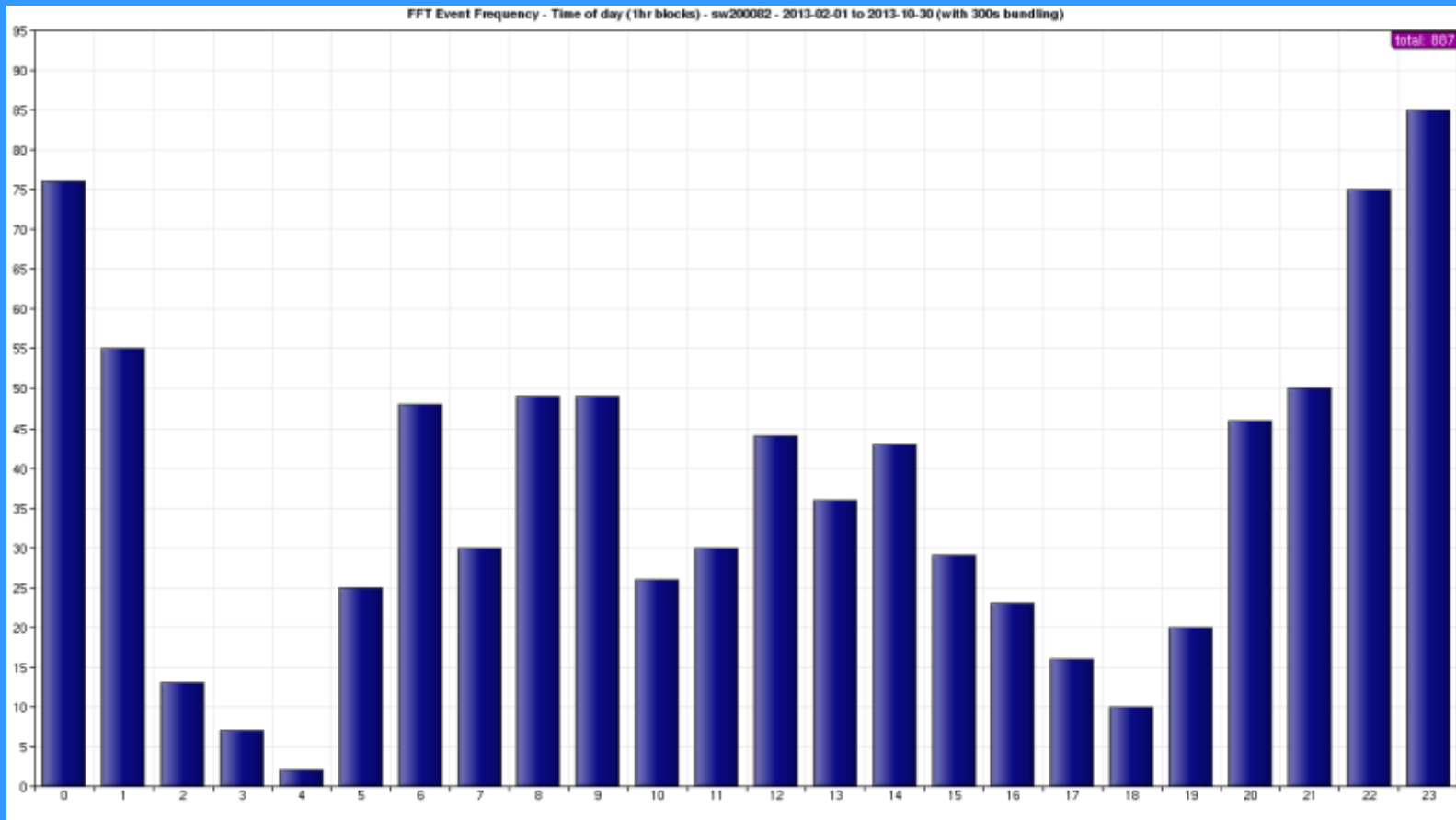


Jamming Events Each Month, Feb – Oct 2013: London Financial District



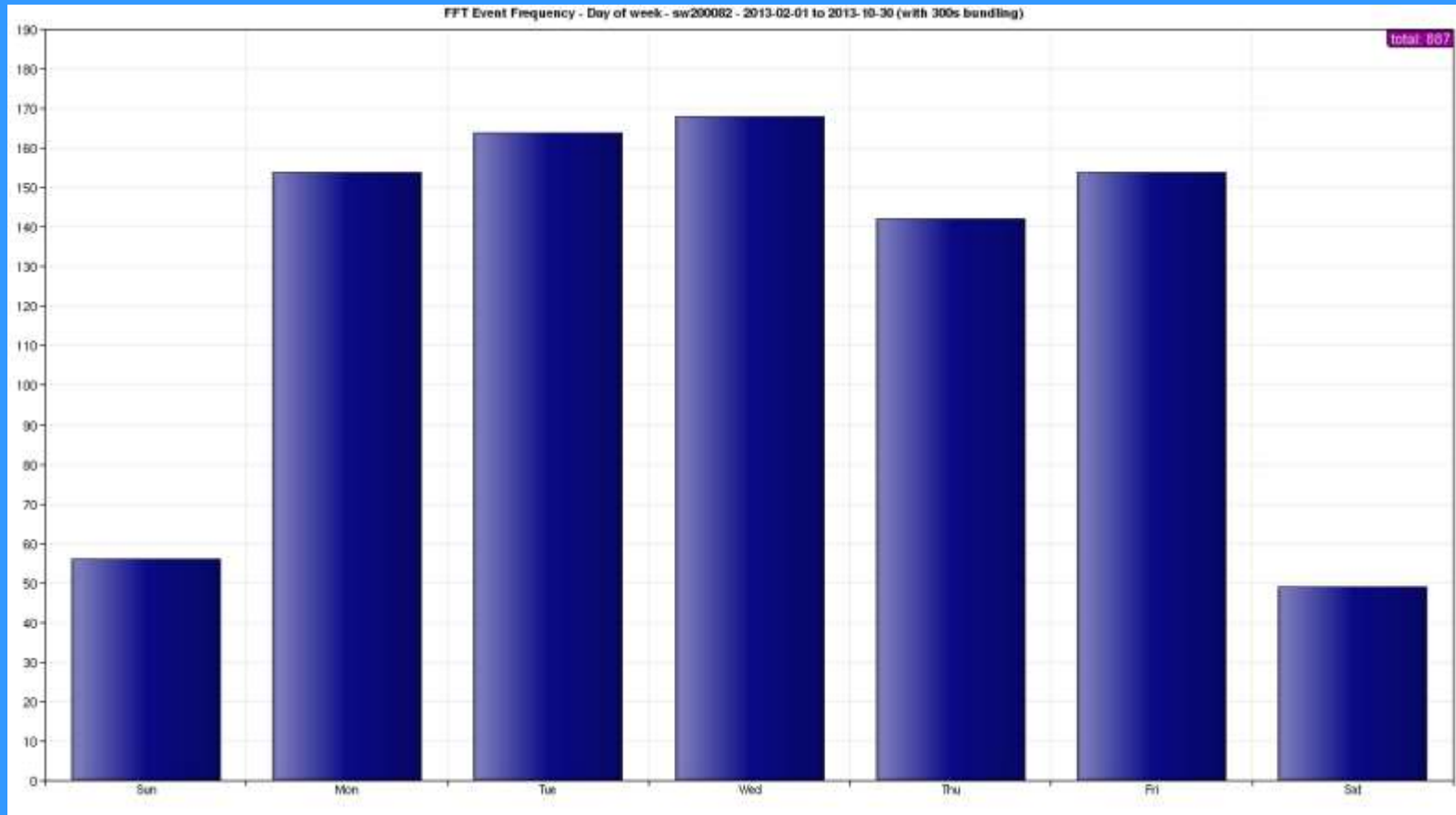
Data and image courtesy of Charles Curry, Chronos Technology Ltd and the SENTINEL Research Project

Jamming Events Each Hour, Feb – Oct 2013: London Financial District



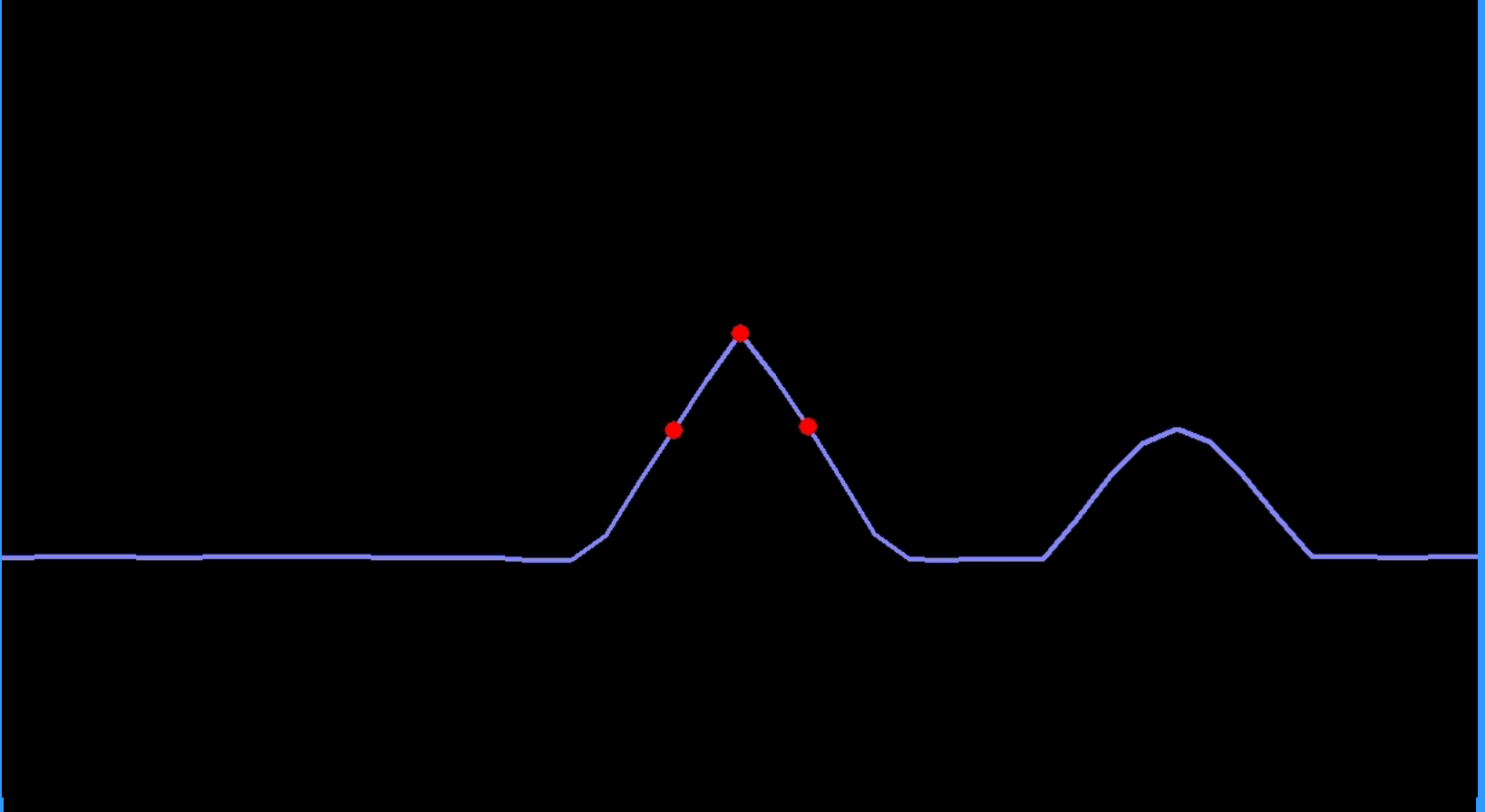
Data and image courtesy of Charles Curry, Chronos Technology Ltd and the SENTINEL Research Project

Jamming Events Day of Week, Feb – Oct 2013: London Financial District



Data and image courtesy of Charles Curry, Chronos Technology Ltd and the SENTINEL Research Project

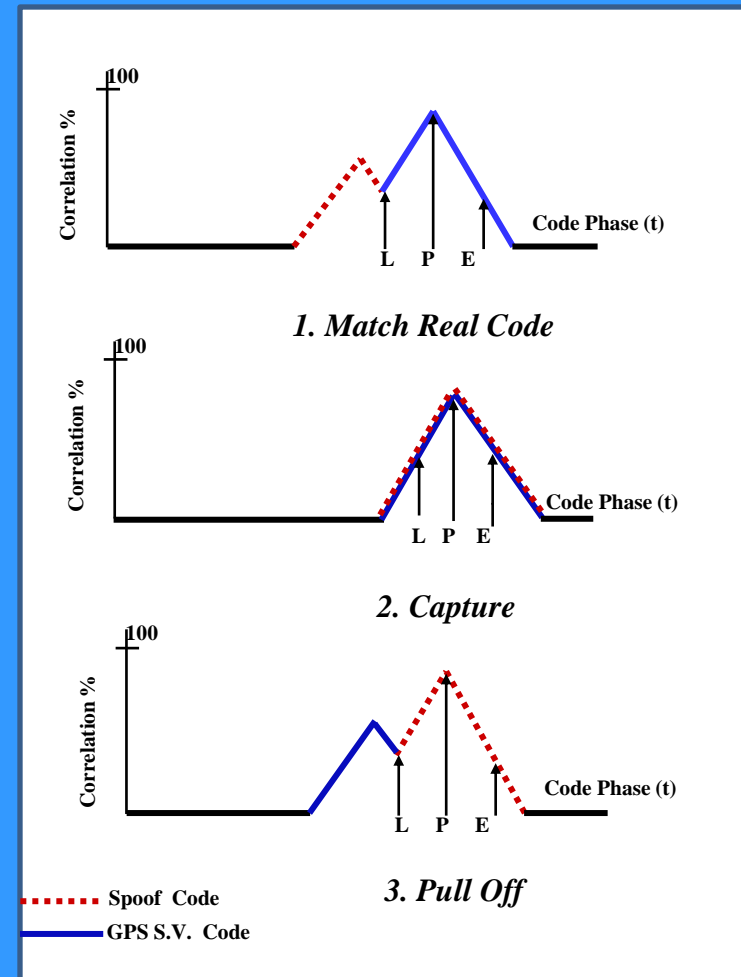
GNSS Spoofer



Slide courtesy of Kyle D. Wesson, The University of Texas at Austin

Disruption Mechanisms - Spoofing/Meaconing

- Spoof – Counterfeit GNSS Signal
 - C/A Code Short and Well Known
 - Widely Available Signal Generators
- Meaconing – Delay & Rebroadcast
- Possible Effects
 - Long Range Jamming
 - Injection of Misleading PVT Information
- No “Off-the-Shelf” Mitigation



Successful Spoof

Civil GPS Spoofing Threat Continuum*

Simplistic

Intermediate

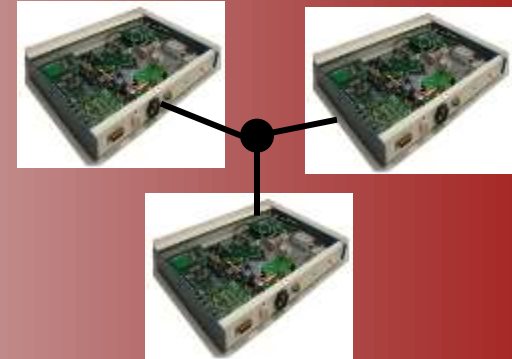
Sophisticated



Commercial signal simulator



Portable software radio

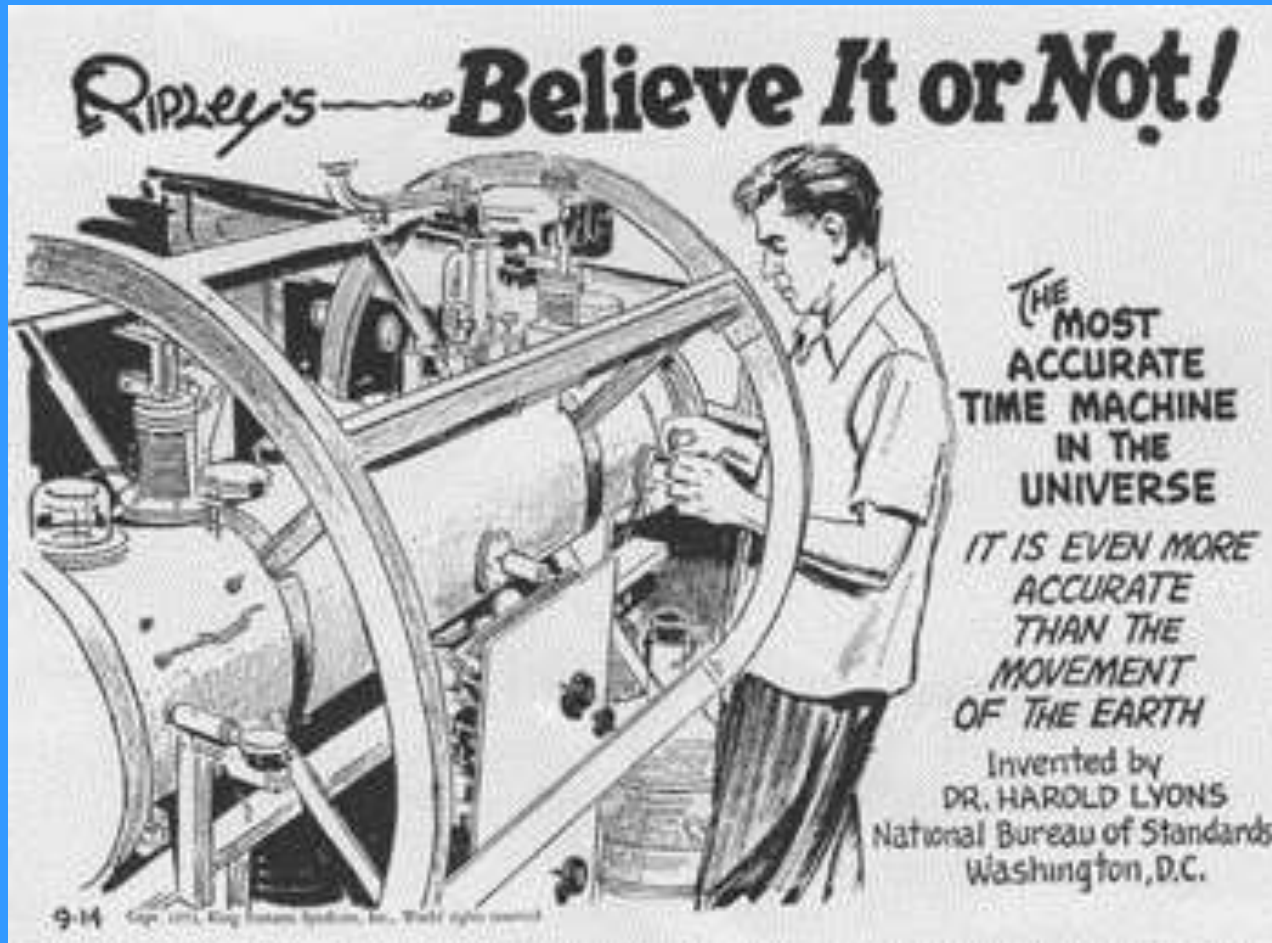


Coordinated attack by multiple phase-locked spoofers

Conclusions

- GNSS provide all three types of sync: Time and Frequency and Phase
- GNSS accuracy meets PRTC and PRC specs
- GNSS are growing internationally
- GNSS are Vulnerable,
best feature and worst problem:
extremely reliable

And that's all



- Thank you for your interest